

جامعة الأزهر فرع أسيوط كلية الطب قسم الهستولوجي

Histology Self-Assessment Examination

First Year Pharmacy Students

Time allowed: 2 hour

Section A (40 Marks)

Choose The Most Correct Answer:

- $oxed{1}$) The light microscope is composed of all the following EXCEPT:
 - a) Objective lens
 - b) Condenser
 - c) Light source
 - d) Stage
 - e) Electrode
- 2) One micrometer is equal to:
 - a) 10 nanometers
 - b) 100 nanometers.
 - c) 1000 nanometers.
 - d) 10 angstroms.
 - e) 100 angstroms.
- 3) The organelle that produce energy is:
 - a) Golgi apparatus
 - b) Ribosomes
 - c) Plasmalemma
 - d) Mitochondria
 - e) Centrioles
- 4) Smooth endoplasmic reticulum is involved in:
 - a) Synthesis of steroid hormones
 - b) Protein metabolism
 - c) Synthesis of proteins
 - d) Cell division
 - e) Phagocytosis

5) Golgi apparatus is involved in:

- a) Cell division
- b) Synthesis of lipids
- c) Protein synthesis
- d) Pinocytosis
- e) Protein metabolism

6) The greatest number of lysosomes is found in:

- a) Lymphocytes
- b) Erythrocytes
- c) Fibroblasts
- d) Macrophages
- e) Fat cells

7) Telomeres are found at:

- a) The end of the cilium.
- b) The end of the chromosome.
- c) The middle of the chromosome.
- d) The centromere.
- e) The centrioles

8) The following is true about the epithelium EXCEPT:

- a) Have many cellular junctions.
- b) Lines surfaces and cavities.
- c) Have a basement membrane.
- d) Mitotically active.
- e) Highly vascular.

9) Pseudostratified columnar epithelium is found in:

- a) Esophagus.
- b) Colon.
- c) Trachea.
- d) Epidermis.
- e) Tongue.

10) The extracellular matrix of connective tissue is formed of all the following EXCEPT:

- a) Glycoproteins
- b) Collagen fibers
- c) Reticular fibers
- d) Surfactant
- e) Proteoglycans

11) Plasma cells are characterized by the following EXCEPT:

- a) Ovoid cells.
- b) Derived from T-lymphocytes.
- c) Clock-faced nucleus.
- d) Produce antibodies.
- e) Found in the connective tissues.

12) All the follwing are functions of cartilage EXCEPT:

- a) forms embryonic skeleton
- b) bear mechanical stress.
- c) provides a low friction surface
- d) support soft tissues
- e) contain bone marrow.

13) All the follwing are bone cells EXCEPT:

- a) Osteocyte
- b) Osteoblast
- c) Osteoclast
- d) Alveolar cells
- e) Osteoprogenitor cells

14) Nerve cells contain:

- a) Sarcomere
- b) Matrix
- c) Nissl granules
- d) Eccentric nuclei
- e) Few mitochondria

15) Schwann cells produce:

- a) energy
- b) myelin
- c) proteins
- d) sugar
- e) water

16) From the outside to the inside; peripheral nerves are surrounded by the following layers:

- a) Endoneurium, perineurium, epineurium
- b) Epineurium, perineurium, endoneurium
- c) Epineurium, endoneurium, perineurium
- d) Perineurium, endoneurium, epineurium
- e) Perineurium, epineurium, endoneurium

17) Cells forming the blood-brain barrier are:

- a) Astrocytes
- b) Microglia
- c) Schwann cells
- d) Ependymal cells
- e) Oligodendrocytes

18) The normal range of the erythrocyte's diameter is:

- a) 7-8 µm
- b) 8-9 μm
- c) 6-10 µm
- d) 8-10 μm
- e) 9-10 µm

19) The normal count of white blood cells is about:

- a) 5000-8000 WBCs/mm3
- b) 4000-20000 WBCs/mm3
- c) 4000-10000 WBCs/mm3
- d) 7000-10000 WBCs/mm3
- e) 4000-15000 WBCs/mm³

20) Cells of the blood include the following EXCEPT:

- a) Neutrophils
- b) Lymphocytes
- c) Monocytes
- d) Erythrocytes
- e) Mast cells

21) Intima of blood vessels is lined by:

- a) Simple columnar endothelium
- b) Simple squamous endothelium
- c) Simple cubical endothelium
- d) Stratified squamous epithelium
- e) Stratified cubical epithelium

22) The average diameter of blood capillaries is about:

- a) 15 20 um
- b) 13 30 um
- c) 10 15 um
- d) 5 10 um
- e) 7 9 um

23) What type of tissue makes up the rings of the trachea?

- a) Fibrocartilage
- b) Elastic cartilage
- c) Hyaline cartilage
- d) Spongy bones
- e) Dense connective tissue

24) Maturation of T-lymphocytes occur in:

- a) Spleen
- b) Thymus
- c) Lymph nodes
- d) Tonsils
- e) Bone marrow

25) Billroth's cords are found in:

- a) Spleen
- b) Thymus
- c) Lymph nodes
- d) Liver
- e) Bone marrow

26) Thick skin is characterized by:

- a) Presence of hairs
- b) Presence of sebaceous glands
- c) Presence of stratum lucidum
- d) Absence of sweat glands
- e) Absence of stratum corneum

27) The dermis is characterized by:

- a) Presence of collagen fibers
- b) Presence of nails
- c) Presence of skeletal muscles
- d) Presence of keratinized cells
- e) Absence of connective tissue

28) The trachea contain:

- a) Bone marrow
- b) Musculosa
- c) Elastic cartilage
- d) Respiratory epithelium
- e) Fibrocartilage

(29) Surfactant is secreted by:

- a) Type II alveolar cells
- b) Type I alveolar cells
- c) Type III alveolar cells.
- d) Respiratory epithelium.
- e) Bronchioles.

30) The oesophagus is lined by:

- a) Simple columnar epithelium
- b) Simple squamous epithelium
- c) Simple cubical epithelium
- d) Stratified squamous epithelium
- e) Stratified cubical epithelium

31) Parietal cells (or oxyntic cells) is present in:

- a) oesophagus
- b) Salivary glands
- c) Stomach
- d) Small intestines
- e) Large intestines

32) Plicae circulares is present in:

- a) Oesophagus
- b) Oral cavity
- c) Stomach
- d) Small intestines
- e) Large intestines

33) Which one of the following is present in the liver:

- a) Lymphoid nodules.
- b) Portal triads.
- c) Glomeruli.
- d) Goblet cells.
- e) Elastic connective tissue.

34) Growth hormone is secreted by:

- a) Chromophobe cells
- b) Mammotrophs
- c) Somatotrophs
- d) Thyroid Gland
- e) Adrenal Cortex

35) Zona fasciculata is present in:

- a) Pineal gland
- b) Parathyroid glands
- c) Adrenal cortex
- d) Adrenal medulla
- e) Thyroid gland

36) The nephron contains all the following EXCEPT:

- a) Renal corpuscle
- b) Proximal convoluted tubule
- c) Loop of Henle
- d) Distal convoluted tubule
- e) Seminiferous Tubules

37) Which cell differentiates directly into spermatozoa:

- a) Sertoli cells
- b) Spermatids
- c) Spermatogonia
- d) Secondary spermatocytes
- e) Primary spermatocytes

38) Ovulation occurs by:

- a) Primordial follicle
- b) Mature Graafian follicle
- c) Primary follicle
- d) Secondary follicle
- e) Corpus luteum

39) The retina contains the following layers EXCEPT:

- a) Optic nerve fiber layer.
- b) Outer plexiform layer.
- c) Choroid layer
- d) Inner nuclear layer.
- e) Layer of rods and cones.

40) Organ of Corti is present in:

- a) Cochlear Duct
- b) Middle ear
- c) External ear
- d) Retina
- e) Cornea

• Section B: (15 Marks)

<u>Match between both columns: "Letters & Numbers", selecting the most closely</u> related items:

Answers	Letters	Numbers			
	A. Eustachian tube	1) Megakaryocytes			
	B. Cardiac muscles	2) ATP			
	C. Plasma cells	3) Renal corpuscle			
	D. Platelets	4) Protein synthesis			
	E. Lymphocytes	5) Intercalated discs			
	F. Surfactant	6) Posterior pituitary			
	G. Podocytes	7) Testosterone synthesis			
	H. Mitochondria	8) Retina			
	I. Golgi apparatus	9) Biconcave discs			
	J. Oocyte	10) Antibodies			
	K. RBCs	11) Type-II alveolar cells			
	L. Vasopressin	12) Luteinizing hormone (LH)			
	M. Leydig cells	13) B and T cells			
	N. Rods and cones	14) Middle ear			
	O. Gonadotrophs	15) Zona pellucida			

• Section C: (10 Marks)

- 1- Enumerate types of connective tissue cells
- 2- Enumerate cells of the pituitary gland
- 3- Enumerate cells of the gastric mucosa
- 4- Enumerate (by order) cells forming spermatozoa
- 5- Enumerate (by order) layers of the retina

• Section D: (5 Marks)

Demonstrate the following, BY USING TABLES:

- 1) Comparison of different types of muscles
- 2) Comparison of renal proximal and distal convoluted tubules

• Section E: (10 Marks)

Complete the following sentences with the appropriate words:

1)	Golgi apparatus has a face which receives the transport								
	vesicles from rER and face which releases the secretory								
	vesicles.								
2)	Epithelium which consists of a single layer is called:, while								
	that which have multiple layers is called:								
3)	Types of connective tissue fibers include: and								
	<u></u>								
4)	Compact (dense) bone have structural units called:								
5)	Nerve cells contain the characteristic granules in their								
	cytoplasm.								

MCQ Answer Sheet

1	а	b	С	d	е	21	а	b	С	d	е
2	а	b	С	d	е	22	а	b	С	d	е
3	a	b	С	d	е	23	а	b	С	d	е
4	а	b	С	d	е	24	а	b	С	d	е
5	а	b	С	d	е	25	а	b	С	d	е
6	а	b	С	d	е	26	а	b	С	d	е
7	а	b	С	d	e	27	а	b	С	d	е
8	а	b	С	d	e	28	а	b	С	d	e
9	а	b	С	d	е	29	а	b	С	d	е
10	а	b	С	d	е	30	а	b	С	d	е
11	a	b	C	d	е	31	а	b	С	d	е
12	а	b	С	d	е	32	а	b	С	d	е
13	а	b	С	d	е	33	a	b	С	d	е
14	а	b	С	d	е	34	а	b	С	d	е
15	а	b	С	d	е	35	а	b	С	d	е
16	а	b	С	d	е	36	а	b	С	d	е
17	a	b	С	d	e	37	а	b	С	d	е
18	a	b	С	d	е	38	а	b	С	d	е
19	а	b	С	d	e	39	а	b	С	d	е
20	а	b	С	d	е	40	а	b	С	d	е

Good Luck

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